## ANNEX I

## **Schedule of the United States**

| Sector:                       | Atomic Energy  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 10.3)  |  |  |
| Level of Government:          | Central  |  |  |
| Measures:                     | Atomic Energy Act of 1954, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2011 et seq.   |  |  |
| Description:                  | Investment   |  |  |
|                               | A license issued by the United States Nuclear Regulatory<br>Commission is required for any person in the United States to<br>transfer or receive in interstate commerce, manufacture, produce,<br>transfer, use, import, or export any nuclear "utilization or<br>production facilities" for commercial or industrial purposes. Such<br>a license may not be issued to any entity known or believed to be<br>owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation,<br>or a foreign government (42 U.S.C. § 2133(d)). A license issued<br>by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission is also<br>required for nuclear "utilization and production facilities," for use<br>in medical therapy, or for research and development activities.<br>The issuance of such a license to any entity known or believed to<br>be owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign<br>corporation, or a foreign government is also prohibited (42 U.S.C.<br>§ 2134(d)). |  |  |

| Sector:                       | Business Services  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 11.2)<br>Local Presence (Article 11.5)   |
| Level of Government:          | Central  |
| Measures:                     | Export Trading Company Act of 1982, 15 U.S.C. §§ 4011-4021   |
|                               | 15 C.F.R. Part 325   |
| Description:                  | Cross-Border Trade in Services   |
|                               | Title III of the <i>Export Trading Company Act of 1982</i> authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to issue "certificates of review" with respect to export conduct. The Act provides for the issuance of a certificate of review where the Secretary determines, and the Attorney General concurs, that the export conduct specified in an application will not have the anticompetitive effects proscribed by the Act. A certificate of review limits the liability under federal and state antitrust laws in engaging in the export conduct certified. Only a "person" as defined by the Act can apply for a certificate of review. "Person" means "an individual who is a resident of the United States; a partnership that is created under and exists pursuant to the laws of any State or of the United States; a State or local government entity; a corporation, whether organized as a profit or nonprofit corporation, that is created under and exists pursuant to the laws of any State or of the United States; or any association or combination, by contract or other arrangement, between such persons." |

| Sector:                       | Business Services  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 11.2)<br>Local Presence (Article 11.5)   |  |
| Level of Government:          | Central  |  |
| Measures:                     | Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended, 50 U.S.C. App.<br>§§ 2401-2420  |  |
|                               | International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C.<br>§§ 1701-1706   |  |
|                               | Export Administration Regulations, 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774   |  |
| Description:                  | Cross-Border Trade in Services   |  |
|                               | With some limited exceptions, exports and re-exports of<br>commodities, software, and technology subject to the Export<br>Administration Regulations require a license from the Bureau of<br>Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce (BIS).<br>Certain activities of U.S. persons, wherever located, also require a<br>license from BIS. An application for a license must be made by a<br>person in the United States. |  |
|                               | In addition, release of controlled technology to a foreign national<br>in the United States is deemed to be an export to the home country<br>of the foreign national and requires the same written authorization<br>from BIS as an export from the territory of the United States.   |  |

| Sector:                       | Mining  |  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 10.3)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Article 10.4)   |  |
| Level of Government:          | Central   |  |
| Measures:                     | Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, 30 U.S.C. Chapter 3A   |  |
|                               | 10 U.S.C. § 7435  |  |
| Description:                  | Investment  |  |
|                               | Under the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, aliens and foreign<br>corporations may not acquire rights-of-way for oil or gas pipelines,<br>or pipelines carrying products refined from oil and gas, across on-<br>shore federal lands or acquire leases or interests in certain minerals<br>on on-shore federal lands, such as coal or oil. Non-U.S. citizens<br>may own a 100 percent interest in a domestic corporation that<br>acquires a right-of-way for oil or gas pipelines across on-shore<br>federal lands, or that acquires a lease to develop mineral resources<br>on on-shore federal lands, unless the foreign investor's home<br>country denies similar or like privileges for the mineral or access<br>in question to U.S. citizens or corporations, as compared with the<br>privileges it accords to its own citizens or corporations or to the<br>citizens or corporations of other countries (30 U.S.C. §§ 181,<br>185(a)). |  |
|                               | Nationalization is not considered to be denial of similar or like privileges.   |  |
|                               | Foreign citizens, or corporations controlled by them, are restricted<br>from obtaining access to federal leases on Naval Petroleum<br>Reserves if the laws, customs, or regulations of their country deny<br>the privilege of leasing public lands to citizens or corporations of<br>the United States (10 U.S.C. § 7435).  |  |

| Sector:                       | All Sectors   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 10.3)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Article 10.4)   |
| Level of Government:          | Central   |
| Measures:                     | 22 U.S.C. §§ 2194 and 2198(c)   |
| Description:                  | Investment  |
|                               | The Overseas Private Investment Corporation insurance and loan<br>guarantees are not available to certain aliens, foreign enterprises,<br>or foreign-controlled domestic enterprises. |

| Sector:                       | Air Transportation  |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article10.3)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Article 10.4)<br>Senior Management and Boards of Directors (Article 10.10)   |
| Level of Government:          | Central   |
| Measures:                     | 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs   |
|                               | 14 C.F.R. Part 297 (foreign freight forwarders); 14 C.F.R. Part 380, Subpart E (registration of foreign (passenger) charter operators)  |
| Description:                  | Investment  |
|                               | Only air carriers that are "citizens of the United States" may<br>operate aircraft in domestic air service (cabotage) and may provide<br>international scheduled and non-scheduled air service as U.S. air<br>carriers.   |
|                               | U.S. citizens also have blanket authority to engage in indirect air<br>transportation activities (air freight forwarding and passenger<br>charter activities other than as actual operators of the aircraft). In<br>order to conduct such activities, non-U.S. citizens must obtain<br>authority from the Department of Transportation. Applications for<br>such authority may be rejected for reasons relating to the failure of<br>effective reciprocity, or if the Department of Transportation finds<br>that it is in the public interest to do so. |
|                               | Under 49 U.S.C. § 40102(a)(15), a citizen of the United States<br>means an individual who is a U.S. citizen; a partnership in which<br>each member is a U.S. citizen; or a U.S. corporation of which the<br>president and at least two-thirds of the board of directors and other<br>managing officers are U.S. citizens, which is under the actual<br>control of U.S. citizens, and in which at least seventy-five percent<br>of the voting interest in the corporation is owned or controlled by<br>U.S. citizens.                                    |

| Sector:                | Air Transportation  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Obligations Concerned: | National Treatment (Articles 10.3 and 11.2)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Articles 10.4 and 11.3)<br>Local Presence (Article 11.5)<br>Senior Management and Boards of Directors (Article 10.10)   |  |  |
| Level of Government:   | Central   |  |  |
| Measures:              | 49 U.S.C. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs   |  |  |
|                        | 49 U.S.C. § 41703   |  |  |
|                        | 14 C.F.R. Part 375  |  |  |
| Description:           | Cross-Border Trade in Services  |  |  |
|                        | 1. Authorization from the Department of Transportation is required for the provision of specialty air services in the territory of the United States.*  |  |  |
|                        | Investment  |  |  |
|                        | 2. "Foreign civil aircraft" require authority from the Department of Transportation to conduct specialty air services in the territory of the United States. In determining whether to grant a particular application, the Department will consider, among other factors, the extent to which the country of the applicant's nationality accords U.S. civil aircraft operators effective reciprocity. "Foreign civil aircraft" are aircraft of foreign registry or aircraft of U.S. registry that are owned, controlled, or operated by persons who are not citizens or permanent residents of the United States (14 C.F.R. § 375.1). Under 49 U.S.C. § 40102(a)(15), a citizen of the United States means an individual who is a U.S. citizen; a partnership in which each member is a U.S. citizen; or a U.S. corporation of which the president and at least two-thirds of the board of directors and other managing officers are U.S. citizens, which is under the actual control of U.S. citizens, and in which at least seventy-five percent of the voting interest in the corporation is owned or controlled by U.S. citizens. |  |  |

\*A person of Colombia will be able to obtain such an authorization given Colombia's acceptance of the U.S. definition of specialty air services in Chapter Eleven (Cross-Border Trade in Services).

| Sector:                       | Transportation Services – Customs Brokers  |  |  |
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| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Articles 10.3 and 11.2)<br>Local Presence (Article 11.5)   |  |  |
| Level of Government:          | Central  |  |  |
| Measures:                     | 19 U.S.C. § 1641(b)  |  |  |
| Description:                  | Investment and Cross-Border Trade in Services  |  |  |
|                               | A customs broker's license is required to conduct customs business<br>on behalf of another person. Only U.S. citizens may obtain such a<br>license. A corporation, association, or partnership established<br>under the law of any state may receive a customs broker's license<br>if at least one officer of the corporation or association, or one<br>member of the partnership, holds a valid customs broker's license. |  |  |

| Sector:                       | All Sectors  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 10.3)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Article 10.4)  |
| Level of Government:          | Central  |
| Measures:                     | <i>Securities Act of 1933</i> , 15 U.S.C. §§ 77C(b), 77f, 77g, 77h, 77j, and 77s(a)  |
|                               | 17 C.F.R. §§ 230.251 and 230.405   |
|                               | Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78l, 78m, 78o(d), and 78w(a)   |
|                               | 17 C.F.R. § 240.12b-2  |
| Description:                  | Investment   |
|                               | Foreign firms, except for certain Canadian issuers, may not use the small business registration forms under the Securities Act of 1933 to register public offerings of securities or the small business registration forms under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to register a class of securities or file annual reports. |

| Sector:                       | Communications – Radiocommunications   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 10.3)  |
| Level of Government:          | Central  |
| Measures:                     | 47 U.S.C. § 310  |
|                               | Foreign Participation Order 12 FCC Rcd 23891 (1997)  |
| Description:                  | Investment   |
|                               | The United States reserves the right to restrict ownership of radio<br>licenses in accordance with the above statutory and regulatory<br>provisions. Radiocommunications consists of all communications<br>by radio, including broadcasting. |

| Sector:                       | Professional Services – Patent Attorneys, Patent Agents, and Other Practice before the Patent and Trademark Office |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Article 11.2)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Article 11.3)<br>Local Presence (Article 11.5) |  |
| Level of Government:          | Centra   | al   |
| Measures:                     | 35 U.S.C. Chapter 3 (practice before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office)   |  |
|                               |  | F.R. Part 10 (representation of others before the U.S. Patent rademark Office)   |
| Description:                  | Cross  | Border Trade in Services   |
|                               | As a condition to be registered to practice for others before the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO):        |  |
|                               | (a)  | a patent attorney must be a U.S. citizen or an alien lawfully residing in the United States (37 C.F.R. § 10.6(a));   |
|                               | (b)  | a patent agent must be a U.S. citizen, an alien lawfully<br>residing in the United States, or a non-resident who is<br>registered to practice in a country that permits patent agents<br>registered to practice before the USPTO to practice in that<br>country; the latter is permitted to practice for the limited<br>purpose of presenting and prosecuting patent applications<br>of applicants located in the country in which he or she<br>resides (37 C.F.R. § 10.6(c)); and                             |
|                               | (c)  | a practitioner in trademark and non-patent cases must be an<br>attorney licensed in the United States, a "grandfathered"<br>agent, an attorney licensed to practice in a country that<br>accords equivalent treatment to attorneys licensed in the<br>United States, or an agent registered to practice in such a<br>country; the latter two are permitted to practice for the<br>limited purpose of representing parties located in the<br>country in which he or she resides (37 C.F.R. § 10.14(a)-<br>(c)). |

| Sector:                       | All Sectors  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Obligations Concerned:</b> | National Treatment (Articles 10.3 and 11.2)<br>Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Articles 10.4 and 11.3)<br>Local Presence (Article 11.5)<br>Performance Requirements (Article 10.9)<br>Senior Management and Boards of Directors (Article 10.10) |
| Level of Government:          | Regional   |
| Measures:                     | All existing non-conforming measures of all states of the United<br>States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico  |
| Description:                  | Investment and Cross-Border Trade in Services  |